

Informally

Slope - derivative
differentiation

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Area - Integral
Integration

Formal/Notation

∞

- ① A rock breaks loose from the top of a tall cliff. What is the average speed during the 1st 2 seconds of fall?

$$y = 16t^2$$

↓
time (sec)
dist. of fall (feet)

- ② What is the speed at $t = 2$ seconds

$$y = 16t^2$$

$$y = 16(2)$$

$$0 \rightarrow 64_{ft} = y$$

$$64_{ft/2sec} \quad 32_{ft/sec}$$

$$0 \rightarrow 2sec.$$

$$y = 16(0)^2 \quad y = 16(1)^2 \quad y = 16(2)^2$$

$$y = 0_{ft} + y = 16_{ft/sec} + y = 64_{ft/2sec}$$

$$\frac{16 + 32}{3}$$

$$48/3 = 16_{ft/sec}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 10 & 10 \end{array}$$

$$= 60 / 3 = 20$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1^{st} = 16 \\ 2^{nd} = 48 \end{array} > \frac{64 \text{ total}}{2}$$

Change

Avg Speed $\frac{\Delta Y}{\Delta t}$ $\begin{matrix} \text{-dist} \\ \text{-time} \end{matrix}$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$a = 32 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

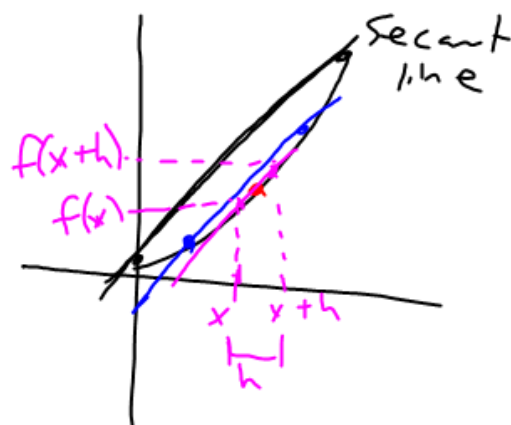
$$at = v$$

$$32 \cdot 2 = 64 \text{ ft/s}$$

from physics

Difference Quotient

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \Rightarrow \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{x+h - x} = \boxed{\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}}$$



$$\frac{16(2+h)^2 - 16(2)^2}{h}$$

$$\frac{16(4+4h+h^2) - 64}{h}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{64} + 64h + 16h^2 - \cancel{64}}{h}$$

$$+ 2 \text{ sec.} = 64 + 16h$$

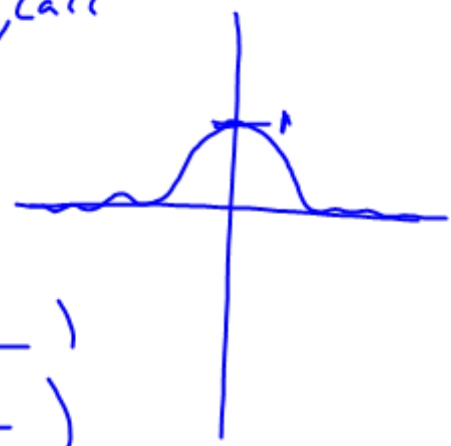
$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

limits \rightarrow approaching a certain value

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 64 + 16h = 64$$

find

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$ $\frac{\sin(1 \times 10^{-99})}{1 \times 10^{-99}} = 1$ \swarrow Calc

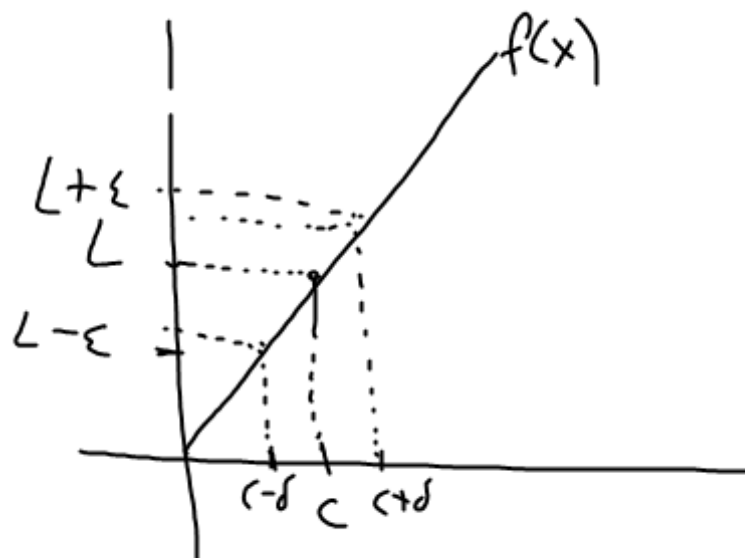


(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 2} =$ depends on which side you go from

$\rightarrow (-0.001, \text{---})$
 $(0.001, \text{---})$

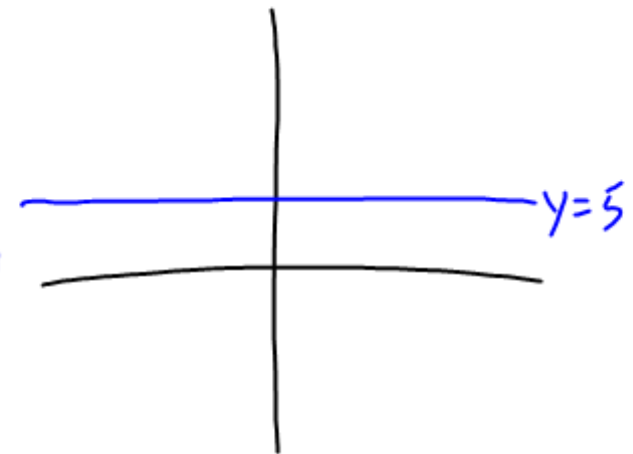
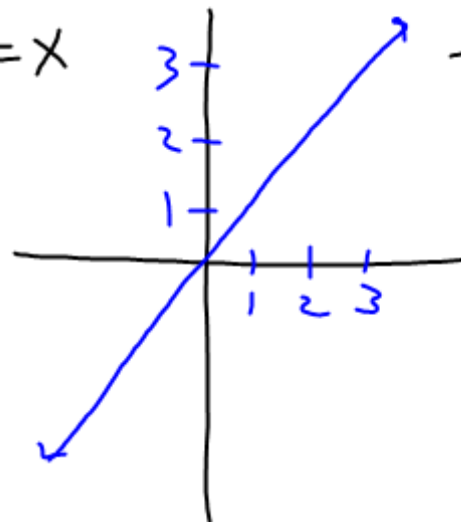
$$0 < |x - c| < \delta \Rightarrow |f(x) - L| < \varepsilon$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = L, \quad c \neq L \text{ are } \mathbb{R}$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} (k) = k, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} (5) = 5$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} (x) = c, \quad f(x) = x$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \left(\underset{\downarrow}{f(x)} + \underset{\downarrow}{g(x)} \right) = L + M$$

$$f(x) = 5$$

$$g(x) = x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \left(\underset{\downarrow}{f(x)} + \underset{\downarrow}{g(x)} \right) = 5 + 7 = \underline{\underline{12}}$$

Read 2.1, all of it

Q.R. #1, 3

P.S. #1, 3, 5, 7, 15, 16, 19, 23-29 (odd), 35-37, 39-44(1), 49